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Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, January 15, 1770.

NEW-YORK, January 1. 1770.

SATURDAY last his Honor our Lieutenant-Governor, in Presence of his Majesty's Council, and the General Assembly of this Province, was pleased to give his assent to 16 Acts, passed this Session.—The Titles of two of them are as follows, viz.

1. *An Act further to continue an Act, entitled An Act for granting to his Majesty the several Duties and Imposition on Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes imported into this Colony, therein mentioned.*

An Act for collecting the Duty of Excise on strong Liquors retailed in this Colony, from the First Day of January, 1770, to the First Day of January, 1771, inclusive.

The other Acts respect the regulating Roads, Highways, &c. &c. in several of the Towns in the Colony.

A Motion having been made by an Honourable Member of our Assembly, for Leave to bring in a Bill to choose our Representatives for the future by Ballot, which was granted him.——And as a Law of that Nature has been long desired by all the judicious Friends to Liberty in this City: They were induced to publish a Number of Advertisements to bring the Inhabitants together, to obtain their Sentiments on the best Means to manifest their Approbation of that Salutary Motion, and to make the Representatives of the City acquainted therewith, in order that they should concur in getting the Vote passed into a Law. In Consequence thereof, a Number of them assembled on Thursday last at Liberty Pole; but they were not so considerable as might have been expected. Therefore that a more general Meeting might be had, it was postponed until the next Day, at Eleven o'Clock; ——when a very considerable and respectable Number appeared. And if they had waited till Half past Twelve, the Number would have been increased several Hundreds.—But as the Day was raw and uncomfortable under Foot, they appointed a Gentleman to propound Questions to the People, (before that Time) to know their Approbation of the said Vote, which was declared by a vast Majority; there being but a few Persons they dissented. A Committee was then appointed to communicate their Approbation to the City Members, which was done in Writing last Saturday.

New-York, December 30, 1769.

To the Freeholders and Freemen of this City and County, that met on Friday last at Liberty Pole.

Gentlemen,

Agreeable to your Request, the Committee has this Day delivered the following Report to your Representatives, *to wit*.

To JOHN CRUGER, JAMES JAUNCEY, JAMES DE LANCEY, and JACOB WALTON, Esqrs, Representatives in General Assembly, for the City and County of New-York.

Gentlemen,

IT is with great Pleasure we observe in the Journals of the Honourable House of Assembly, that a Motion hath been made by an Honourable Member, and Leave given to bring in a Bill to elect the Representatives for this Colony for the future by Ballot. This Mode is conceived to be well adapted to secure the Freedom and Independency of Elections, which to an *Englishman* is as *dear* as his *Life*. Influenced by these important Considerations, a Number of the respectable Inhabitants judged it expedient to call a General Meeting of the Freeholders and Freemen of this City and County, to know their Sentiments on that salutary Motion. Accordingly Advertisements were published, in Consequence of which, this Day at Twelve o'Clock, a very great Number of the Inhabitants assembled and appointed a Gentleman to propound the following Questions, to wit, "Do you approve of a "Law to vote by Ballot? If you do, will you desire "your Members to use their utmost Endeavours in a "Constitutional Manner, to carry the present Vote of "the Honourable House of Assembly for that Purpose "into a Law? If so, signify it by holding up your "Hands." This was carried in the Affirmative by a vast Majority; there being in our Opinion, not more for the Negative than ten Persons: Whereupon the Question was put, "Is it your Pleasure then, that a "Committee be appointed to communicate these your "Sentiments, to your Representatives, and that they "urge Constitutional Measures to them, for the bet-"ter obtaining this salutary End?"——Which was carried in the Affirmative, in the Manner the former Question was carried; and then the Question was put, "Whether they would appoint the Committee (ex-"cept Mr. Thurman,) that was appointed the 18th "Inst. to wait on their Members?" Which was carried in the Affirmative as aforesaid. In Consequence of the above Requisition and Appointment, permit to suggest, that no Mode of Election can be so well calculated to secure the Freedom of the People, and to guard against the various Arts of Corruption, than voting by Ballot. To secure this *inestimable* Privilege, we desire that you use your utmost Endeavours to get the aforesaid Bill to pass your House: And should the said Bill, contrary to all Expectations, meet with any Obstruction in the Council, we request that you move the Honourable House of Assembly, to demand a Conference with them, that your Constituents, and the whole World may know the Reasons why they will not pass a Bill so friendly to Liberty. And if it should pass the Council, and his Honour the Lieutenant Governor should make any Difficulty, or discover a Disinclination to give his Consent to it, then we desire that you move the Honourable House of Assembly, to address him on the Subject, and to take every Step that parliamentary Usage will justify to obtain his Consent. And lastly, as this is a Bill that a great Number of your Constituents have much at Heart, and it must be acceptable to every *unbiassed* Mind, we therefore add, that if you are so successful as to get it passed into a Law, that then you will move to instruct the Agent of the Colony, to solicit the Royal Assent thereto. For we cannot entertain the least Doubt, that as there are similar Laws in many of his Majesty's Colonies, he will deal his Favours equally to all his Loyal Subjects.

We are, Gentlemen,
Your very humble Servants,

ISAAC SEARS,	ERASMUS WILLIAMS,
ALEX. M'DOUGALL,	JACOBUS VAN ZANDT,
JOHN LAMB,	CASPER WISTAR,
JAMES VAN VARCK,	SAMUEL BROOME.

New-York, December 29. 1769.

Friday last John Campbell, was executed on the Commons, near the New Goal, in this City, pursuant to his Sentence.

Friday se'anight, the Brig Jupiter, Capt. Byers, from this Port for Dublin, in going out, ran ashore on the S.W. Spit of the East Bank, where she filled; then beat off, and they ran her in to the Horse Shoe, Sandy-Hook, in two Fathom Water; on Friday last she was brought into the Harbour, with great Difficulty: Most of the Cargo of Flaxseed is damaged, but the Vessel may be repaired.

A Sloop belonging to New-England, bound from the Grenades to this Port, is drove ashore about seven Miles to the Southward of Sandy-Hook, the Vessel entirely lost, but the Cargo all saved.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburg, Octob. 11. From Dundee we are informed, an information being made of some contraband goods being about to be landed, an Officer of the Revenue, assisted by a party, went in order to make a seizure, when a scuffle ensued, in which one of the men belonging to the custom-house yatch was unfortunately killed. Several of the offenders are in custody, in order to stand their trial for the said murder.

[Why, here we find *a Riot almost* Equal to the little Trifling affair that happened (for a few minutes) in Boston on the 10th of June, at the seizing the sloop Liberty, *perhaps on purpose to create a disturbance*, when Mr. Hallowell had some mud thrown in his face, and Mr. Harrison (thro' fear) *disobliged himself*; and took immediately to his Bed——and, on account of which mighty affair, ships and troops, *at an amazing expence*, have been sent on an Expedition to Boston, to Quell a Rebellion that never existed——Bernard made a Baronet——the P——t more than half the winter Employ'd——and the whole Empire (for a time) thrown into the utmost Alarm and Confusion——and the worst of Consequences attended it, almost a Total loss of Confidence on Both Sides, perhaps irrecoverably lost; but then this affair happen'd at Boston, a people remarkable for disloyalty; and the other was in Scotland, a people as remarkable for holding in abhorrence all kinds of Treason and Rebellion, we may therefore expect to hear nothing further of this last Riot, and even Murder; but that it will go through the common course of law at *Dundee*, and if the offenders are found guilty, they may possibly find *a pardon*.

GRAP'ON } McQUIRK.]

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in New-York, to his Friend in Boston, dated December 22, 1769.

"THE General Assembly of this colony in their last session, voted to supply his M——s—— quartered here, which gave great umbrage to their constituents. The assembly in order (as is supposed) to quiet the minds of the people, made a unanimous declaration in the house that it should be the last supply of the kind they would ever grant, until our grievances were redressed. This declaration satisfied the people who rely'd on the promise of their representatives. However the house in their present session, have pass'd a vote for a further supply to the troops of £.2000, one thousand to be paid out of the treasury immediately, and the other out of a bill now pending for striking £.120,000 in bills of credit to be let out on loan, which bill has no probability of receiving the Governor's assent. This procedure of the assembly greatly inflamed the minds of the people, who expressed their uneasiness and indignation in the most unreserved manner: Several consultations were held in order to fall on such measures as should induce the house to drop the bill. A number of printed papers were dispersed through the city, some wrote with decency; others couched in different terms, tho' containing many truths and just observations.——

Yesterday Mr. Lamb attended the bar of the house, a vast number of the inhabitants attended on the occasion. Mr. Lamb being called on and charged by the Speaker, desired to be heard; which being granted, he began by confessing the charge, and conducted himself in such a manner, that I am certain the house repented of their ordering him before them. Our city members told him in substance as follows, 'That the people had no right to convene and disapprove the proceedings of the assembly.' Mr. Lamb answered that he had assembled with the rest of his fellow citizens, and had propos'd questions, which as a citizen, a freeman, and an Englishman, he had a right to do, and was surprized to hear it controverted. The house found that they had before them a man of sense, knowledge and resolution, who was determined to assert the rights of his countrymen and fellow-citizens, gave up the point, and dismissed him. He has by his judicious and spirited conduct on this occasion, gained lasting honor, by opposing the destructive measures of a venal house of assembly, tho' I am of opinion, after all, they will give the money, unless frightened out of it. —

Very reasonably will be Sold by
Jonathan Moulton, of *Hampton*,

On the following Credit, viz. one third part of the money to be paid within six Months, one third part within twelve Months, and the other third part within two Years, the Purchaser giving security for the same with lawful interest thereon,

A fine FARM, situated in Hampton Falls, near the Meeting-House, lying partly on the Country road, leading from Portsmouth to Boston, containing about two hundred and twenty acres, consisting chiefly of upland and some salt-marsh, with two good dwelling-houses and a large barn thereon; one of said houses standing on said country road, pleasantly situated for a merchant or tradesman, which house has for many years past been improved as a publick Tavern, the other standing a few rods from said road on the main body of the land suitable for a gentleman's country seat, and is commodiously fix'd with conveniencies for farming; said farm has two good Orchards thereon, and is proportionably divided into land suitable for mowing, pasturing tillage, &c. and yearly produces hay sufficient to fill the barn thereon, which is upwards of 100 feet in length. Said farm may with conveniency be divided into two farms. For further particulars, inquire of said said Moulton.

ALSO, on the same terms will be sold by said Moulton, a house, with a house-lot, and a building yard, laying in Salisbury, (at the point so called) adjoining Merrimack-river, being the same place where Bennet Greenfield lately lived: Also another house and barn, with about two acres of Land, and a building yard laying within a few rods of the above-mentioned house, in said Salisbury; both of which houses are pleasantly situated for a merchant or tradesman.

ALSO, To be let on reasonable terms, for a number of years, by said Moulton, a farm in Hampton, about a mile and a half from the meeting-house, lying on the country-road, containing about 200 acres, of upland, marsh, and wood-land, with a good house, two barns, and orchard thereon, and is suitably divided into tillage, mowing, pasturing, &c. Apply to said Moulton for particulars.

Remains to be Sold, a
Quarter below the Sterling Cost, at the House of the late Mr. JOHN SMITH in Hanover-Street.

A Variety of Jewellery,
and other Goods.

ALL Persons indebted, are desired to make immediate Payment, to prevent the Necessity of their being sued.

RAN away from me the subscriber, on the 7th instant, an indented servant, named Josiah Clark, and carried off with him, a new coat and waistcoat of a claret colour, and a light blue coat trimmed with brass buttons, and two striped all-wool shirts, one linen ditto, one pair of blue stockings, a pair of grey ditto, and a pair of new purple deerskin breeches trimm'd with flower'd pewter buttons, and a pair of sheepskin ditto somewhat dirty by working at the shoemakers trade, two pair of pumps, one pair has been tap'd, and a felt hat. He is in his 19th year, wears his own hair which is black, of a pale complexion, thin favoured, light eyes, thin nose, goes stooping, and has a good stock of natural wit, but wants prudence to improve it. If any person will take up the aboves'd Run-away, and return him to me, he shall receive TWO DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges. And I do hereby caution all Persons against harbouring, or concealing him, as they would avoid the penalty of the law. AARON WARREN.

Upton, January 8, 1770.

& Gov. Bavnard in Parliament & For Duke of Grafton who got McQuirk the Murderer Pardoned.
& Majesties Troops. V vid pa. 141—146. Vol. 2. & See Landing of Fleet & Army pa. 263. Vol. 2
& vid pa. 3. — See page. 2—10. & vid account of the assembling of the People pa. 3.

New-York, December 26, 1769.

To the PRINTER.

SIR,

I WAS surprized to find a great number of the people in this City particularly among the subscribers to the agreement for non-importation, seemingly a good deal uneasy at the accounts of goods imported at Boston, published in *Mein*'s two or three last papers, with design to make the world believe, that the Merchants in Boston had violated the said agreement, and were aiming to enrich themselves at the expence of their neighbours, and the other colonies. I confess, that in the cockets and manifests published by *Mein*, there are a number of goods mention'd which by the Articles of Agreement, ought not to have been imported, The Names of the Importers, are, some of them Subscribers to the Agreement, others are concealed: It is therefore a Duty incumbent upon the merchants and other subscribers in Boston, for the strengthening, support and success of the common cause, for the satisfaction of their brethren in the other colonies, and for the justification of their own characters, to clear up and account for every appearance that might raise the least doubt of the firmness, and integrity of their proceeding, respecting the said agreement. This, I have not the least doubt, they will be able easily to do, to the entire satisfaction of every one; but even if it should require a considerable expence and trouble, it will be necessary to do it, for the satisfaction of the subscribers in the other colonies, to keep them firm in their adherence to the agreement, and to silence the cavils of those domestic enemies who have exerted themselves in favour of every unconstitutional exaction that has been attempted against us, and to disconcert every measure we have taken for our own preservation. I hope our Boston Brethren will consider the importance of this matter, and will clear up every particular relating to the agreement, that has appeared, or that may hereafter happen, to the entire satisfaction of us and all the world. Mean time for the satisfaction of those who have not had the same opportunities of information that I have, I declare my opinion, That there is not now the least reason to think, the gentlemen of Boston have violated the agreement, or manifested any design to do so. I have examined *Mein*'s latest papers for some weeks past, and find nothing more to raise a suspicion, than has appear'd almost every week for several months past,—nor indeed so much, as have at sometimes. Several things have appear'd in that paper, which represented some of the principal promoters of the agreement, as being considerable importers, contrary to it.——But these gentlemen fully proved their innocence, to the satisfaction of every one. I have therefore taken the less notice since that time, of Mr. *Mein*'s publications; tho' I think for the reasons above mentioned, the gentlemen immediately concern'd ought to take notice of them, and keep their character clear from the least suspicion of unfairness. Mean while I think we have no grounds, nor right to suspect them; much less to suggest such a suspicion as a reason for receding from our own resolutions, and being in reality guilty of a crime, because we may suspect others to be so. Mr. *Mein* has proved himself to be the common enemy of America: He does not even attempt to deny it, or justify his conduct; all that he has aim'd at, has been to make others appear as guilty as himself, especially those who have been most active in promoting the nonimportation agreement, & thereby to destroy their credit, and the confidence of the subscribers in one another, so that the agreement itself might lose its effect, and fall to the ground. This is evidently the aim of Mr. *Mein*, and let every one judge what credit we ought to give to his representations. Yet with all his art, malice, and industry, he has not been able to fix one breach of the agreement upon any one of the subscribers, which he certainly would do if he could. He proceeds wholly by hints and insinuations,—but never has ventured plainly and positively to charge any person with any thing contrary to the agreement. Upon the whole, every one in all the colonies, who is acquainted with the whole of his conduct in this affair, will agree with me, that he has proved himself to be too bad and too base a man to deserve the least credit or regard. I agree in the common opinion, That it is surprising and blameable in our Boston Friends, that they suffer this John Mein and some others, to insult and counteract them, with impunity. If any one had done so here, he would probably have been exhibited as a common pest to society, and have cut such a figure as is generally made by informers and such like, who by their base conduct are thought to have forfeited their right to protection from the laws and the people, of which they have shewn themselves unworthy.

BOSTON, January 15, 1770.

Our Friends at New-York write "that the Merchants there continue firmly to adhere to their Agreement, that thet Goods which were imported and stored belonging to Persons in that City did still remain in the public Store (and not in each Man's own Possession) and that there doth not appear in any Person in that City the least Desire or Inclination to have any Part of their Goods until the Act imposing Duties on Paper, Glass, Tea, &c. is repealed, and other Goods arrived there afterwards from Great Britain; and they write further, that if any Person or Persons should attempt getting any of the said Goods out of the Store on any other Conditions, that such Person or Persons would incur the Displeasure and Resentment of the Inhabitants of that City, and be inevitably exposed to the like Disgrace as were Mr. Cooley and the few others who dared to violate the said Agreement."

Thursday last was married here Mr. JOHN BAKER BRIMMER, of Norwich, Merchant, to Miss BETSEY GOULD, eldest Daughter of Mr. ROBERT GOULD of this Town, Merchant.

Captain Nathaniel Dowse, in a Vessel from Cadiz, bound to Piscataqua, with Salt, lately put into Nantucket; but the Vessel being in so bad a Condition that she was not able to proceed to her Port, was condemned and sold there.

Last Monday Morning the Rev. Mr. Samuel Downe, Pastor of one of th Churches at Portsmouth, (New-Hampshire) went thro' the dangerous Operation of being cut for the Stone, a Disorder he has for some Years past been severely exercised with; and a very large rough one was taken out of his Bladder: He is now in a fair Way of Recovery. Some further Particulars may be made public hereafter.—We hear this ingenious and difficult Operation was performed by Dr. Hall Jackson of that Place.

Last Wednesday Evening came to Town, by Land, from the Vineyard, Capt. Paschal N. Smith, of the Sloop Speedwell, from New-York for this Place: He informs, that last Saturday 7 night, the following Vessels came to sail with him from Homes's Hole, viz. Capt. Hinston, in a Schooner from the Western Islands for this Place; Capt. Stevens, in a Sloop from the West-Indies for Casco Bay; Capt. Parsons, in a Sloop from the West Indies for Cape-Anne; Capt. Hatch, (late Capt. Butt, who died at the Mole) in a Schooner for this Place;—but that soon after they sailed, came on a Gale of Wind and thick Weather, so that the two latter, with Capt. Smith, were obliged to come to Anchor; the other two, being faster sailing Vessels and considerably a-head, proceeded on their Way, and have not since been heard of:—That the Gale still encreasing, Captains Smith and Parsons lost each of them an Anchor, and Capt. Hatch both his, and were forced to put back again, where they remained last Monday, when Capt. Smith came away; together with a Sloop from Connecticut, bound to Piscataqua, also a Sloop from the West-Indies for Newbury, who had put out 12 Days before, and returned again.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in New-York, *to his Friend in* Boston, *dated Dec.* 22, 1769.

"YOUR's of the 21st ult. is come safe to hand, with the pamphlet in vindication of the town of Boston, wherein I verily think the Nettleham Baroness nettled; and that the General, if he is not altogether callous, which some affirm, must feel the lash. As to affairs in G. B. our opinions coincides exactly. I firmly believe there will be *very serious work*, before they purge themselves of the leaven of unrighteousness. Those who are called our friends may be very desirous to promote a repeal on commercial principles; but I asked you if you imagined they would consent to our enjoying all the rights of a free people, in order to gain your attention to the improbability of it. I am not by any means for considering those events as remote, when we daily see such enormous strides taken by the enemies of the constitution, who may, unless timely prevented, bring all into anarchy here as well as in Europe, in order to erect a tyranny or despotism.——

"Relative to our affairs here, tho' we could not procure regular instructions to our representatives, yet, as soon as there appeared ground of suspicion, they were ply'd with sundry letters from different hands, a copy of one I enclose you, and leave you to guess the author."

"*Gentlemen*,

AS Friends to you and our Country, and its Constitution, we conjure you, each and every of you, by the sacred trust with which you are invested, by the love of Liberty, your Country, Posterity, and every valuable Enjoyment in Life, not to consent to grant *any Supplies to the Troops on any terms whatever*.—We don't mean to insult you, neither do we expect to intimidate you; we are too justly impressed with a due veneration for the dignity of your offices as legislators, to offer you any indecency; but to be silent in a time of such imminent danger, we conceive would be highly criminal.—We therefore beg your patience whilst we recite some of the many evils which you will unavoidably entail on your Country and Constituents, if you do, contrary to Nineteen Twentieths of your Fellow-Citizens Inclinations, give away their Substance to the sworn Enemies of the British Constitution; that is, the present M——y of Great-Britain and their Tools—the Military.——In the first place, you will set a most unconstitutional Example, which will always be cited as a Precedent; and you must be too well acquainted with the Power of Example to make any Comment of ours necessary thereon.——The Military Establishment, as it has been every where else, will be enlarged, Luxury and Voluptuousness will be the certain Concomitants of a Standing Army—Commerce, Industry and Frugality will be despised, together with Mechanism and Agriculture——The two grand Sources of Wealth and Independence.——Secondly—You will *most unjustly* impose on your Countrymen and Constituents a twofold Interest, that is, one for a Permission to do what no Power on Earth has *any Right* to prevent their doing, viz. furnishing themselves with a necessary Medium of Trade—The other for a sinking Fund, or the Contingencies of Government, &c.——Thirdly, you will thereby annihilate the Freedom, Honour, Dignity, and every Thing worth contending for of your own House; as at one Vote you sink yourselves to the abject State of an executive Body, who are obliged to do as they are commanded, by the insolent Mandate of every cringing Sycophant—the Descendant of some small Hopes or other perhaps.—Fourthly, you will, ipso facto, forfeit all federal confidence of the Colonies, which at this time is so essentially necessary to our political existence—together with the Will and Esteem of your Constituents and American Brethren, besides erecting to yourselves a Monument of everlasting Fame!——These are only a few of the Evils that will inevitably result from your granting supplies to those Mercenaries, at this Time.——But should you, on the contrary, persevere in a free, noble, emulous & consistent Conduct (for it appears very inconsistent to us to oppose the Stamp and Revenue Acts, &c. &c. and yet grant Money to the Troops, either on a Ministerial or Parliamentary Requisition) then will you acquire true Renown and Glory! which no Age—no length of Time, no Series of Years will ever cancel in the Minds of your Fellow-Citizens!——Nay, unborn Posterity will celebrate your Names with festive Acclamations! Yes, you will be enrolled among the glorious Company of Martyrs to the British Constitution!——Thus we have in a few Words, set Good and Evil before you; choose which you list; "and the Lord reward you accordingly!——

"From a Number of your Friends & Constituents."

To John Cruger, James Delancy, Jacob Walton, James Jauncey, Esqrs; Representatives for the City and County of New-York in General Assembly convened.

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

WHEN we see the Enemies of our Country using every Art to prevent the Plan of Non-Importation from taking Effect, we are from thence encouraged to hope that it will answer the valuable Purpose intended; & that our Enemies themselves think so—They are done Laughing at it as the Efforts of an expiring Faction, and treat it as indeed it is, a Matter of the last Importance; knowing that if we hold out, it must and will defeat their cursed Plot to enslave and ruin us.——They now tell us, that the Troops will be ordered to do that which Art and Chicanery would not effect——But all we have to do is to persevere and scorn them—We seem to be near, very near a Crisis! there undoubtedly is an united Scheme of the whole Cabal, to annoy us; but let the Friends of Liberty and their Country take Care and hold the few (I do not hear of more than four or five) to their CONTRACT; *oblige them to fulfil their* AGREEMENT; *let us hold out only a few Months longer, and we and our Posterity are safe from the Jaws of* TYRANNY.

TOM STURDY.

To the Committee of INSPECTION.

Gentlemen,

YOU were appointed at a late general Meeting of the Merchants to examine certain Stores, and if any Persons Goods had been taken away, you were immediately to advertise the Names of such Persons, and appoint a suitable Place for a general Meeting——It is reported that some Tea and other Articles have been clandestinely carried off——If this is the Case, that you would this Day do *your* Duty, is the modest Request of——

THE PEOPLE.

Captain Dunn in a Ship from Glasgow, arrived here last Wednesday, but bro't no News-Papers so late as we had by the Packet.

Captain Child from Maryland, bound for this Port, is cast away at Nantucket; the Vessel is lost and great Part of the Cargo of Wheat damaged.

Several Dogs which have had the Symptoms of the Disorder that has prevailed among those Animals in the Country Towns, have been killed in this Town the Week past.

Thursday last one Charles Johnson, a notorious Villain, stood one Hour in the Pillory, for attempting a Rape on an Infant about 11 Years of Age.

We are assured that the Commander in Chief, when he prorogued the General Assembly told his Council that he did not ask *their* Advice about the Matter, because he had express Orders to do it——King James the first, tho' he told his Parliament when he dissolv'd it, that he had a Right to do as he pleas'd, but at the same Time assured them that he did it by the unanimous Advice of his Council.

The Hartford Mail due last Wednesday did not arrive till Saturday Evening, owing to the great Rains last Saturday Se'nnight, which rais'd the River higher than has been known these 15 Years——Great Damage is done to the Bridges, &c.

Yesterday Morning Capt. Calef sailed for London.

William Marshall who was bro't from the Cape last Thursday and committed to Goal on Suspicion of Piracy, was sent home in Capt. Calef in order to be tried

WANTED, a Book, or Pamphlet, that was written many Years ago, intitled, *New England's Prospect*, and lately modernized with Notes and a *Preface* by the ingenious Mr. *Secretary* Rogers, A. M.——L. L. D.——D. C. L. & F. R. S.——Whoever has got said Book or Pamphlet, *with the Notes and Preface*, and will dispose of it, may hear of a Purchaser and good Price, by enquiring of the Printer.——It is wanted for the Bodleian Library at Oxford.——

TABLE FISH.

warranted the very best, To be Sold at the Store the Corner of *Kilby*-Street. Likewise the best BOHEA TEA, imported before the Agreement of the Merchants for Non-Importation—West-India Rum, Sugar, Cotton Wool, Chocolate, Coffee, Kippen's Snuff by the Dozen, Spices, 18 Inch Pipes by the Box or less Quantity, Indigo, &c. &c. Also a Scale Beam, by

JOS: TURELL.

On THURSDAY the 18th Inst.

At Ten in the Morning,
Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,
At the Auction Room in Queen-Street,
—A large and valuable Assortment of GOODS,—
——Among which are,——

A Quantity of Broad-Cloths,

Irish Linnens, Sheeting, Diaper, Hair Plush, Tammies, Camblet, Mens silk and worsted Hose, Sagathies, Mens and Womens Kid and Lamb Mitts and Gloves, Black and White Snail Lace, fine white Counterpains, large Quantity of Needles, Oznabrigs, and a great Variety of Wearing Apparel, &c.

††† 2 Pair Silver Candlesticks, one Snuff-dish and Snuffers, four Salts and Shovels, one neat Salver, one compleat Stand with Crewets.—Also an Invoice about 50 Pieces of Irish Linnens, from 18 d. to 3s. 6d. sterling per Yard, belonging to a Person going out of the Province immediately. J. Russell, Auctioneer.

TO BE SOLD,

A Farm, containing 533 Acres,

of choice Upland and Salt Meadow, being the Estate usually called HOG ISLAND, very commodiously situated in the Harbour of Boston, between Chelsea & Noddle's Island. Any Person inclining to purchase the same, may be further informed by applying to *John Tudor, William Phillips*, and *Jonathan Williams*, Esq'rs.

All Persons that have any Demands on the Estate of Mr. *Alexander Young*, late of *Boston*, Goaler, deceas'd, are desired to bring in their Accounts to Mrs. *Mehetable Young*, Administratrix: And all those who are indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate Payment to said Administratrix.

(2) vid. page 600. Vol. 2

(3) vid. Stamp Act pa. 53. Vol. 1.

(4) vid. Billeting Act pa. 274. Vol. 2

|| Gov.r Barnard. & Vide Vol. 2. page 1001 ∨ General Gage & Great Britian = Ministry & the 2 Hutchinsons, Taylor, Lille, Jackson &c * By the Hutchinsons. & Gov.r Hutchinson ✕ a Hum, on Nath.a Rogers & Turn to y.e Index to Find y.e Agreements. Vol. 2. (1) See y.e Act. Vol. 1. pa. 735.

From a late ENGLISH PAPER.

To Sir F------ B------.

FROM devellopingthe character, connections and conduct of your patron, L--- H------, I come now to an enquiry into thoſe of his favourite Governor. From birth, Sir F------, you derive no ſplendor; it would even take more trouble, than I am inclined to beſtow upon a ſubject ſo inſignificant, to draw it from abſolute obſcurity. From abilities, neither would you ever have claimed attention, had it not been for the memorable æra of the Stamp-act. It was then that your Excellency ſtept forth, and juſtified this obſervation of an incomparable female hiſtorian, that "grovelling inſtruments of oppreſſion are ever inſolent in office, in proportion to the baſeneſs of their education, and the ſervility of their natures." You became from that period the incendiary of Great-Britain and her colonies, and the eligible inſtrument of eſtabliſhing deſpotiſm in America, to that ſet of men, who were meditating the ſame deſtruction to the conſtitutional liberties of England.

You are now to appear at that tribunal, from which there is no earthly appeal; the tribunal of the public. Here the upright magiſtrate has every thing to hope, the oppreſſor every thing to fear.

I begin with your firſt appearance during the ſtamp-act: your repreſentation then was, that *the intention of the colonies was to render the authority of Great-Britain contemptible.* This charge is brought againſt you, in the moſt ſolemn manner, by three and thirty Lords, ſpiritual and temporal; the validity of it therefore is hardly queſtionable*. The intention of it Sir F——— is equally obvious: To enflame the minds of his Majeſty's Miniſters and of the legiſlature, ſo as to divert their attention from the *juſtice* of the American complaints, to a *criminal and exaſperating intention* in their oppoſition, which exiſted only in the malignity of your own heart. Governed thus by *ſuppoſed intentions*, and not by *real facts*, this country was to have denounced war againſt her colonies, and to have cut aſunder, with her own ſword, the ſinews of her commerce and of her wealth, to gratify the malice of an arbitrary provincial Baſhaw. Happily, however, your views were, at that time, diſappointed; and your vengeance reſerved for a more favourable opportunity, which too ſoon preſented itſelf in the advancement of your preſent patron to the American department. The Stamp-act was repealed, and the thanks of the Americans for the repeal were tranſmitted, in Addreſſes, to our moſt gracious Sovereign, without once mentioning the declaratory act, which threw a melancholy ſhade on the future proſpect; ſo far were the colonies from ſeizing every ground of complaint, or being ſollicitous to draw into contempt the authority of Great-Britain. Every thing was now quiet in America, ſo that even in your own government the people acted "with temper and moderation." May we not conclude then, Sir F ------, that your charge was as groundleſs as it was malicious? A charge, in which you were ſupported by one other Governor only.

The tranquility of America and the harmony between the two countries were now reſtored; and would, in all probability, have laſted for ever, had not the ſame arbitrary and offenſive ideas been reſumed, and drawn into exerciſe over the colonies. The Duty-act excited the alarm that had ſubſided, and furniſhed, to your ardent wiſh, a freſh opportunity of miſrepreſenting and embroiling the affairs of America. In this laudable ſpirit, we trace you next inveighing, in your letter to the Earl of Shelburne, againſt the Circular Letter from the Repreſentatives of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, to the other Houſes of Aſſembly; which was ſolely to inform them, that the Houſe had voted an humble, dutiful and loyal petition to his Majeſty, laying before him the grievances they ſuffered from the late Revenue act, and praying his conſtitutional interpoſition for their relief; to make the prayer of which petition more ſucceſsful, they deſired the concurrence of the other Houſes. As the grievances ariſing from the act were general, the propriety of a general petition for relief was obvious: and it is left to your Excellency to point out, what method an aggrieved people can adopt, more loyal, more innocent, and more conſtitutional, than petitioning the throne. In your letter, however, you repreſent this moſt dutiful and moderate tranſaction, as an "undertaking calculated to inflame the whole continent, and engage them to join together in another diſpute with the parliament, about the authority of the latter; and that if the act complained of ſhould be given up, all other acts of American revenue muſt follow†."

Thus you flattered yourſelf with having fixed an early prejudice againſt the juſt repreſentation of the people, and an inſurmountable bar to the redreſs of grievances. But the Noble Lord who then preſided over the affairs of America, impreſſed with a true ſenſe of the conſtitutional rights of the Colonies, viewed your attempt in its proper light; and you would have met what you deſerved, another diſappointment, had not the department fallen, in an evil hour, to one perfectly fitted for your purpoſe, which was, in truth, to inflame the whole continent, and renew the diſpute ſo little profitable to either country. How happily your patron and you have ſucceeded in this, the ſtate of America from that time to this will abundantly demonſtrate. You have had the pleaſure of hearing your own words reecchoed back from the empty heads of your ſuperiors here; your plans have been adopted, and have kindled flames which rendered you unſafe in America, and may conſume you here. *Raro antecedentem, cæleſtum deſervit pede pœna claudo.*

vid pa. 107.179 JUNIUS AMERICANUS.

* See the Proteſt of the Lords againſt committing the Bill for repealing the Stamp-act.

† See the letter, Feb. 18th, 1768.

NAILS.

TO BE SOLD BY

Harbottle Dorr,

At his Shop, almoſt oppoſite the Cornfield in Union-Street, BOSTON. Viz

JOBENTS, 2d, 3d, 4d, 6d, 8d, (*choice* 10d, *manufactured* in this Town, warranted *tough*,) 20d, 24d and Deck Nails.——ALSO, Beſt *Heart and Club* German Steel, Engliſh Steel by the half Faggot, Bar or Pound. Beſt Engliſh Glue. A Smith's Anvil, &c. &c. &c.

All Perſons that have any Demands on the Eſtate of James Ronelſon, late of Boſton, Mariner, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to Margaret Ronelſon, Adminiſtratrix; and thoſe that are indebted, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment.

All Perſons that are indebted to,

or that have any Demands on, the Eſtate of *Samuel Cary*, late of *Cheſea*, Eſq; deceas'd, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to *Richard Cary*, Eſq; of *Charleſtown*, or *Nathaniel Cary*, Executors to the laſt Will of the deceaſed, in Order for Settlement.

Choice Engliſh and Salt Hay, &c. to be Sold at the Farm at *Cheſea*, whereon the deceaſed dwelt.

TO BE DISPOSED OF,

SIX Years of the Time of a very likely, active Boy, about 14 Years of Age—exceeding ſmart and docile,—very ſuitable for any one whoſe Buſineſs will admit of keeping him at Home—or for a Maſter of a Veſſel.

Enquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE LET,

The Front End of a convenient Brick Tenement, two Rooms on a Floor, ſituate in Long-Lane; enquire of SAMUEL BASS, living in the back End of ſaid Houſe.

TO BE SOLD

On THURSDAY next.

By Benjamin Church,

At his uſual Place of Sale:

A great Variety of valuable Articles, viz.

BRoad Cloths, Foreſt Cloths, Kerſeys, Ratteens, Cambletts, Tammies, Iriſh Holland, Checks, Bed Ticken, Callicoes, Stampt Cotton Linnen, Kenting, Linnen and Barcelona Handkerchiefs, Mens and Womens Hoſe, Breeches Patterns, &c. Some Houſe Furniture, Wearing Apparel, Silver Watches, &c. &c.

ALSO, Half a Dozen Mahogany Chairs—a Quantity of Indigo.

TO BE SOLD BY

Giles Harris,

A Houſe in White Bread Alley, conſiſting of a Parlour and Kitchen, with a Yard, Pump and Ciſtern very convenient for a Family——Caſe of Drawers and Table—Inquire for ſaid Harris near Dr. Elliot's Meeting-Houſe, North-End of Boſton.

A Houſe to Lett, near Winniſimit Ferry, conſiſting of a Parlour, Sitting Room and Kitchen, with a Yard, &c. very convenient for a Family.

A Houſe to Lett in Charter-Street, conſiſting of a Parlour and Kitchen, with a Yard, Garden, Pump, &c. very convenient for a Family.

N. B Said Harris has to ſell Mens ſecond-hand Apparel.

John Griffith,

HAS removed his School to a more commodious Place, a new Brick Building in Hanover-Street, a little below the Orange-Tree, where he teaches Spelling, Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, at his uſual Hours: He alſo teaches Writing and Arithmetic in the Evening.

—*Auction-Hall*,—*King-Street*,—

THIS EVENING (*Monday*)

Upon a ſpecial Emergency, muſt be Sold by publick Vendue, at Auction Hall,

A great Variety of Articles,—

which may be view'd before the Sale.——

——The Sale to begin exactly at Six o'Clock.——

J. GERRISH.

GOOD Wages offered, to a ſober, honeſt, induſtrious Woman, that underſtands Cooking, and other Family Buſineſs. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

The Sale of Mr. Bardin's

Eſtate, is by his Deſire poſtpon'd until Tueſday the 23d Inſtant, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning.

J. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

On Thurſday the 25th Inſt.

At Ten o'Clock in the Morning;

Will be ſold by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Store of the late Mr. *John Spooner*, deceas'd, next Door Eaſt of the Heart and Crown in Cornhill, *Boſton*.

ALL his Hard Ware GOODS, the particulars of which hath already been advertiz'd, and was to have been ſold the 3d Inſt. had not Sickneſs prevented.

J. Ruſſell, Auctioneer.

THE Commiſſioners, appointed by the honorable Foſter Hutchinſon, Eſq; Judge of Probates for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of Oxenbridge Thacher, late of Boſton, Eſq; deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent—GIVE NOTICE, that they ſhall attend that Service at the Britiſh Coffee Houſe, on the ſecond Thurſday in the Six following Months, from Six to Nine o'Clock, P. M.

Boſton, January 13, 1770.

CASH

TO be given for good PEARL and POT-ASH, for damaged Pot-Aſh, and for Black Salts, by

GEORGE ERVING,

At his Store in King-Street.

Where is to be Sold very cheap for Caſh—The beſt Ruſſia and Ravens Duck, juſt imported.—Alſo, Poland and Common Starch, which has been imported upwards of Sixteen Months.

Boſton, December 16, 1769.

THE Commiſſioners appointed to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of Nathaniel Wheelwright, late of Boſton, Eſq; attend that Service at the Britiſh Coffee-Houſe in Boſton, every Wedneſday Evening, from Six to Nine o'Clock, P. M. the Time for to receive ſaid Claims expires the 24th of this Month. Whoever neglects to bring in their Claims by that Time, will be excluded.

Beſt Sperma Ceti Candles,

Warranted Pure,

MADE AND SOLD by JOHN LANGDON in *Fleet-Street*, above HANCOCK's *Wharf*, near the *Old North Meeting Houſe*. He alſo ſells the *beſt Refin'd Sperma Ceti Oil* by the Barrel. Beſt *Tallow Candles* mould and dipp'd, and Bayberry Wax Candles. ALL *as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.*

ON TUESDAY NEXT,

Will be Sold by public Vendue, at the New Auction Room at the Foot of Royal-Exchange Lane, Over Mr. THOMAS WALLEY's Store,

A Variety of Goods,——Among which are,

BROAD Cloths, Kerſeys, German Serges, Halfthicks, Ratteens, Tammies, ſtriped and plain Cambleteens, Breeches Patterns, Mens worſted and yarn Hoſe, worſted and mill'd Caps, Caſſor and Felt Hatts, yard-wide and 7-8 Iriſh Linnens, Checks, Bedticks, Barcelona & Linnen Handkerchiefs, Sattins and Sattin Cloaks, figur'd pelongs, Table Cloths, Callicoes, Womens Taffity, Stays, white Threads, a new Silver Watch, Silver Sleeve Buttons, Looking Glaſſes, Table and Cuttoe Knives, Sciſſors, Razors, Necklaces, ſeven Bolts Oznabrigs, &c One green Harrateen Eaſy Chair, Feather Beds, Rugs, one Mahogany Table, with ſome other Houſe Furniture,

WILLIAM HUNTER, Auctioneer.

Tueſday next, at Half after Four in the Evening.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *BOSTON*.

ENTERED IN. *from*

Ship Suſanna, Johnſon from London. Schooner Matilda, Pierpont from Falmouth. Ship Glaſgow, Dunn from Greenock.

OUTWARD BOUND. *for*

Schooner Induſtry, Murphy for Virginia. Schooner Ritpen, Smith for Nova-Scotia. Brig Rebecca, Morton; Schooner Little Forteſque, Collins; Sloop Friendſhip, Manley; and Schooner Abigail, Dorran for Weſt Indies. Schooner Two Friends, Hammon for Dominica. Ship John & Suckey Bruce for Antigua. Brig Triton, Davis for Oporto. Ship London-Packet, Caleſ for London. Brig Auldborough, White for Hull.

CLEARED OUT. *for*

Schooner Maſſachuſetts-Ninety-Two, Laba for Halifax. Brig Briſtol-Packet, Skimmer for Portugal. Schooner Elizabeth, Laighton for Maryland.

Buried in the Town of Boſton ſince our laſt,

Four Whites. No Blacks.

Baptiz'd in the ſeveral Churches, Nine.

High Water at Boſton, *for this preſent Week.*

Monday, 41 *m. after* 2	*Friday*, 59 *m. after* 5
Tueſday, 32 *m. after* 3	*Saturday*, 38 *m. aft.* 6
Wedneſday, 21 *m. aft.* 4	*Lord's-day*, 19 *m. aft.* 7
Thurſday, 10 *m. aft.* 5	*Moon's laſt* 2 18 D, 1 *H*

vid the act page 53. Vol. I. — vid Repeal act pa. 411. Vol. I. & Turn to 4e Index. Vol. I — For addreſſes & Thanks for 4e Repeal (1) vid. 4e Yea. act pa. 735 Vol. I. (2) vid Barnards Letter page 897. Vol. 2. (3) vid page 43. Vol. 2. (4) vid the petition page 51. Vol. 2 As molaſſes act ſee vid pa. 9. vol. 2

|| Sr. Francis Barnard ✓ He is the Son of a Clergyman Vide Vol. 2 Page 714

¶ Ld. Hillsborough ✓ Mr. Mccaulay ✓ ſee Vol I. Page 430* vide Act Vol. I page 792 ✓ Ld. Shelburne.

Brimstone, Allum and Copperas,

by the Hogshead, Heart and Club German Steel, Gun-Powder, Wool Cards, Ravens-Duck, Ticklenburg and Ozenbrigs——China Ware——

To be Sold Cheap for Cash,

At *THOMAS GRAY*'s Store,

Opposite the Fish-Market on Oliver's Dock.

Just Imported, and to be sold cheap for Cash, by

Francis Green,

English Duck (of all Numbers)

Russia and Ravens Duck, Hemp, Ticklenburgs, Gun-Powder & Shot, Bar-Lead, Wool-Cards, Cod Lines and Hooks——Roll Brimstone, Copperas, Allum, Whiting, Grindstones——*Newcastle* COALS.

N. B. *A few Tons of* CHALK.

WANTED,

Two or Three Dozen of Wood-Ducks.

Caleb Blanchard

DESIRES all those that are indebted to him on Book, Note or Bond, to make immediate Payment; and those whose Accounts, &c. have been long standing, may depend they will be sued to next April Court, without any Distinction.

HE has remaining on Hand a good Assortment of Goods, which he will sell lower than the usual Advance, by Wholesale or Retail for ready Money only.

Samuel Cookson

TAKES this Method to acquaint his Town and Country Customers, That he has removed his Shop from opposite Deacon BENJAMIN CHURCH's Vendue, to the next Door but one to the Sign of the Lamb, Northward: Where he sells at the lowest Prices for Cash, the following Articles.

NAILS, Pewter Dishes, Plates, Basons, Spoons and Porringers, Brass Kettles and Skillets, Powder, Shot, English and German Steel, all Sorts of Sadler's Ware, best English Wool-Cards, Pins and Needles, Ivory and Horn Combs, Locks, Hinges, Window-Glass, Case-knives and Forks, Pen-knives, Fish Hooks and Lines, Bellows, Glue, Scissors, Shears, Brass; a good Assortment of Razors, Lancets, carving Knives and Forks, Cutlaces, Sheep-Shears, large and small Taylors Shears, Brass Ink-Pots, Snuff-Boxes, best Awl Blades, Hasps, Hammers, Pincers, Rosin, white Wax, Files, Rasps, white and yellow Steel Shoe and Knee-Buckles of all Sorts, Brass and Iron Wire, Scales and Weights, Bed-Cords, Coat and Jacket Buttons, Tea Kettles, Warming & Frying Pans, Shoe Brushes and House Brushes, Sleeve-Buttons, Guns, silver'd and yellow Swords, Chizzels, Compasses, Curling Tongs, Gun and Pistol Locks, Spectacles, Curry-Combs, Brass and Iron Candlesticks, Box-Irons and Flat Irons, Hand Saws, Scythes, Sickles, with a full and general Assortment of Hard Wares.

N. B. Said Cookson makes and mends Guns and Gun-Locks, and all Sorts of Keys for Doors, Chests & Cupboards, Springs of all Sorts, and all Sorts of other small Work, very cheap for Cash.

All Persons indebted to the Estate

of Captain *John Hamock*, late of *Boston*, Wine-Merchant, deceased, are desired to pay their respective Balances to Mr. *Charles Hamock* his Son, who is fully impowered by us the Subscribers, Executors of said *John*'s Will, to receive the same, and give legal Discharges therefor.

Boston, Dec. 29. 1769. JAMES PITTS, EZEKL. GOLDTHWAIT.

N. B. The Customers in Town and Country, of the late Captain *Hamock*, deceased, are hereby inform'd that his Son *Charles Hamock* lives in the same House, & carries on the same Business his Father did; having to sell at the lowest Rates, all Sorts of the best of Wines, Spirits, &c. and will supply them in the same Manner his Father did in his Life-time.

To be sold cheap for Cash, Wholesale or Retail in Wing's-Lane,

A Quantity of Canadian Reed Deer-Skins in the Hair. Raccoons and dressed Sable, suitable for Ladies Muffs. Enquire of Levi Jennings Hatt-Maker on the Exchange, King-Street, Boston, or the Printers hereof.

TO BE SOLD on the Premises, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 14th of February next, at Noon—The Furnace called THE NORTH FURNACE, situated in Bridgwater, within half a Mile of the Rev. Mr. Porter's Meeting-House, with a House and Barn & about 24 Acres of Land adjoining: With about 150 Tons of Iron Ore, about 450 Loads of Coal at 80 Bushels the Load, a Quantity of Shells, the Furnace Utensils, viz. Iron Ladles, Iron and Wooden Shovels, Iron Spades, Kettle Patterns; Pot, Skillet and Bason ditto, a Pair of good Scales and Weights, upwards of 40 Flasks, a large Number of Shot Moulds, Grindstones, Sledges, Hammers, Wheel-barrows, Bellows-Leather, Hand-Bellows, Iron Tooth Rakes, Iron Bars, and other Iron wrought & cast, Pick Axes, Knippers, a Crowfoot to draw Nails with, &c. Also a Number of Iron Vessels, some Pine Plank, a Quantity of Brick and Stones, and also the Furnace Dam; the Whole together, or in such Parcels as may suit the Purchasers.—On the Premises is a good Orchard.—Enquire of Captain Eliphalet Phillips, who lives near the said Furnace.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

A Young Man who understands driving a Carriage, tending of Horses, and waiting on a Table, and can be well recommended.——If a Gentleman wants such a Person, he may be heard of by enquiring of the Printers hereof.

AUCTION HALL,

(In Court-Square, near the Town House, opposite the Royal Exchange, &c.)

JOHN GERRISH

(And Company)

Beg Leave to inform *Country* Gentlemen, Traders, Shopkeepers, &c. &c. that they have to sell, exceeding cheap, *A great variety of Articles*, Wholesale and Retail:

A Great Variety of ARTICLES, among which are, 20 or 30 Chests of the best Table Oil, by the chest, down or single Flask: 40 or 50 sett of good House Brushes 4 in a sett, to be sold by the 12 sett, or single sett—common *Account Books* of all sorts—small and large Post Paper by the Rheam or single Quire, Foolscap Paper, &c. *Tilloch*'s best Snuff, by the cask, dozen or single bottle (*warranted the very best Snuff.*) *Kippen*'s *best Snuff* much approved of. *London Starch of the best Quality*, by the cask or dozen.

ALSO, *Beaver Coatings*, both wide and narrow, plain and knapt, coarse and fine, Bedtics of all sorts, Stockings of all sorts, Kilmarnock Caps, Gartering, &c. Shalloons, wide and narrow, and coarse and fine, *Kerseys* of different colours and quality: *Cloth Serges*, very good, both blue and drab colours: Forrest Cloths, both superfine and common, by the piece or lesser quantity, *Plushes* both scarlet, blue, black and claret colours. *Sagathies* of most colours. Fine Threads, &c. IRISH LINNENS of all sorts: cotton and other *Checks* of all sorts——Duffils, Ozenbrigs, Sheeting, Handkerchiefs of all sorts, &c. &c.

*** Constant Attendance given at said Hall, &c.

JOHN GERRISH, & COMP.

To be SOLD or LET,

A Schooner, burthen about 90

Tons, 5 Years old, long Quarter-Deck, well found, now lying at *John Ruddock*, Esq'rs Wharff, North-End: Enquire of *Miles Greenwood*, at the South-End.

A wet Nurse with a young Breast

Breast of Milk, would be glad to take a Child to suckle, inquire of the Printers.

Made and Sold by *Isaac White*,

at the North-End, opposite the Salutation—Best Tallow Candles, Mould and Dip'd and Bayberry-wax Candles, all as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.

N. B. Tallow by the Barrel.

A Very good second-hand CHAISE and Harness to be sold cheap.

WANTED, an honest soberminded Man Servant that well understands common House Business, and is pretty fond of Horses.

GOOD Lodgings, &c. to be had in Court-Square. Inquire of Edes and Gill, or at Auction-Hall.

WHEREAS Margaret the Wife of me the Subscriber, has eloped from my Bed and Board, These are to forewarn all Persons from trusting her upon my Account, as I will not pay one farthing of Debt she may contract from the Date hereof. As Witness my Hand. JOHN DAVIS.

Boston, Jan. 8, 1770.

All Persons who have any De-

mands on the Estate of Mr. *William Tilley*, late of *Boston*, Merchant, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts to *Jonas Clark*, Administrator, in order for Settlement, and those who are indebted to said Estate, are desired to pay their Ballances without delay.

TO BE SOLD,

Three Moses Boats, now at Mr.

John Pulling's Wharff. For further Particulars inquire of John or Robert Pulling.

BOSTON, 28th of December, 1769.

RUN-away from the Snow Union, John Copithorn, Master, from Bristol, James Clifford and Nicholas Giles, two Seamen.——This is to desire they will return to their Duty, and they shall be well received.—If they do not, to forewarn all Persons from entertaining them, as they may expect being prosecuted according to Law.

RAN-away from Samuel Gilbert of Littleton, an indented Servant Boy, named Samuel Gilson, about 17 Years old, of a middling Stature for his Age, and wears black curl'd Hair, he carried away with him a blue cloth Coat, a light coloured Jacket with Sleeves, one pair of woollen black Stockings and one pair of worsted Stockings, two striped woollen Shirts and one good linnen Shirt. He went away in Company with a short thick sett Fellow, who wore a green Coat and a green Jacket double breasted, also a pair of Indian green Steckings.

Whoever will take up and secure, or give information of said Run-away, so that his Master may find him again, shall receive a Reward of TWO DOLLARS, and all necessary Charges from SAMUEL GILBERT.

All Masters of Vessels and others are caution'd against harbouring, concealing or carrying off said Servant Boy, as they would avoid the Penalty of the Law.

Littleton, December 28th, 1769.

RAN-away from Ebenezer Whitmarsh, of Abington, in the County of Plymouth, Deputy-Sheriff, on the 29th Day of December 1769, a Prisoner named Nathan Noyes, of about 21 Years of Age, dark colour'd Hair, a light colour'd Coat double-breasted with brass Buttons, a striped Jacket, and leather Breeches. Whoever will take up said Nathan, and bring him to said Whitmarsh, shall have TWO DOLLARS Reward, and all necessary Charges, from EBENEZER WHITMARSH, D. Sheriff.

Sperma Cæti Candles

Warranted equal to any, and superior to most that is made, To be Sold by

Joseph Palmer,

At his Store on Minot's T.

ALSO,

STrain'd Sperma-Ceti Oil for burning in Lamps, by the Barrel, Sugars by the Barrel or smaller Quantity, Green Coffee, Chocolate warranted good, Pitch, Rosin, English Duck, *Best Isle Shoal Dumb Fish, &c. &.* (6w.)

THE Estate of Samuel Allen, late of Boston, Merchant, deceased, being rendered Insolvent, and Six Months allowed the Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts—The Commissioners appointed by the honorable Foster Hutchinson, Esq; Judge of Probates for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine said Claims, Give Notice that they shall attend said Service at the British Coffee-House in Boston, on the first Thursday of the Six following Months, from 6 to 9 o'Clock, P.M.

Boston, December 25, 1769.

All Persons that are indebted to

the Estate of Capt. James Scott, late of Boston, deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment; and those to whom the Estate is indebted, are desired to bring in their Demands to Edward Jackson and Andrew Cazneau, Executors of the last Will and Testament of the said James, in Order that the same may be discharged.

Boston, Dec. 25, 1769. Edward Jackson, Andrew Cazneau } Executors.

WEST INDIA RUM.

Choice *West India* Rum, to be sold by JONATHAN SNELLING, at his Store on Treat's Wharf.——Also, Choice SUGARS by the Hogshead and Barrel.

For *LONDON*,

THE Ship BETSEY, THOMAS ROBSON, Master, burthen about 150 Tons, having Two-thirds of her Cargo engaged, will sail with all convenient Speed. For Freight or Passage apply to *Peter Hughes*, at his Store near Faneuil-Hall Market, or the Master on Board said Ship now laying at JOHN HANCOCK, Esq'rs Wharff.

Boston, January 1, 1770.

TO BE SOLD,

At *William Scott*'s Store,

North Side of Faneuil-Hall, on reasonable Terms for Cash, by Wholesale and Retail;

TWELVE Hundred Pieces of Irish Linnens, 3-4, 7-8 and yard wide, from 22s. to £.3 O. T. per Yard.
9-8 and ell wide Sheeting, from 13 to 24s. per Yard.
Diaper and Damask Table-Cloths, from 33s. to £.18 per Piece.
Low and high priced Draper's.
Dowlasses of all Prices.
Also, a Variety of English Goods by Retail.

TO BE SOLD,

A few Casks of Claret, a few small

Casks of French Brandy, and some best Castile Soap in Boxes. Enquire of JOHN HOMER, at Store No. 2, on the Long-Wharff. theirf.

To be Sold for £.20 Lawful Money, for Five Years.

The Time of a hearty young

Man, who is a good Sailor.—He also understands Gardening and Husbandry very well, is a good Cook, and handy to any Sort of Business, and will bind himself to any whom he may suit for said Term. For further Particulars, inquire of Edes and Gill.

A LIST of the Names of *those*

who AUDACIOUSLY continue to counteract the UNITED SENTIMENTS of the BODY of Merchants thro'out NORTH-AMERICA; by importing British Goods contrary to the Agreement. ✓

John Bernard,
(In King-Street, almost opposite Vernon's Head.

James McMasters,
(On Treat's Wharf.

Patrick McMasters,
(Opposite the Sign of the Lamb.

John Mein,
(Opposite the White-Horse, and in King-Street.

Ame & Elizabeth Cummings,
(Opposite the Old Brick Meeting House, all of Boston.

And, *Henry Barnes*,
(Trader in the Town of Marlboro'.

HAVE, and do still continue to import Goods from London, contrary to the Agreement of the Merchants.—They have been requested to Store their Goods upon the same Terms as the rest of the Importers have done, but absolutely refuse, by conducting in this Manner.

IT must evidently appear that they have prefered their own little private Advantage to the Welfare of America: It is therefore highly proper that the Public should know who they are, that have at this critical Time, forcibly detached themselves from the public Interest; and as they will be deemed Enemies to their Country, by all who are well-wishers to it; so those who afford them their Countenance or give them their Custom, must expect to be considered in the same disagreeable Light.

Boston, Printed by EDES & GILL. *in Queen-Street.* 1770.

✓ Turn to Index to Vol. 2 to Find y^e Agreement